CBT-160

N.J. Division of Taxation (8-95)

Underpayment of Estimated N.J. Corporation Business Tax

Attach to your tax return (Form CBT-100 or CBT-100S) For taxable years ending on and after July 31, 1995.

CORPORATE NAME	FEDERAL EMPLOYER I.D	DERAL EMPLOYER I.D. NUMBER		N.J. CORPORATION NUMBER	
PART I How to Compute Your Underpayme Note: If you meet any of the exceptions that avo		rge for ANY quarter	, complete PART II.		
1. Amount of Tax (Form CBT-100, Line 13, Page 1 or Form CBT	-100S, Line 11, page 1))				
90% of Line 1. If you were qualified and elected to make a sir installments of estimated tax, you may enter zero. (See Instruction)					
		Due Dates of Installments			
3. Enter in columns (a) through (d) the installment dates that correspond to the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, 9th, and 12th months of your tax year		(b)	(c)	(d)	
4. Enter 25% of Line 2 in Columns (a) through (d)					
5. (a) Amount paid or credited for each period					
(b) Overpayment of previous installment (enter any overpayments shown on line 7 that is more than the total of all prior underpayments as a credit against the next installment)					
6. Add lines 5(a) and 5(b)					
7. Underpayment (subtract line 6 from line 4) or overpayment (subtract line 4 from line 6)					
PART II Exceptions (see instructions) 8. Total amount paid or credited from the beginning of the tax year through the installment dates that correspond to the 15th of the 4th, 6th, 9th, and 12th months of your tax year	- I				
9. Exception 1, tax based on the facts shown on the prior year's return but using current year's rates (if prior return was for a period of less than a year, see instructions)	25% of lax	50% of tax	75% of tax	100% of tax	
	22.5% of tax	45% of lax	67.5% of tax	90% of tax	
10. Exception 2, tax based on annualized tax					
PART III Installment Interest Due (see instruct	tions)	<u> </u>		L	
11. Amount of underpayment from line 7					
12. Enter same installment dates used above at line 3					
13. Enter the date of payment or the 15th day of the 4th month after the close of the tax year, whichever is earlier					
14. Number of months from the date on line 12 to the date on line (A part of a month is deemed to be a full month.)					
15. Interest					
 Installment interest due - Add columns (a), (b), (c), and (d) of li Enter the total here and on page 1, line 19 of Form CBT-100 of 					

CBT-160

Purpose of Form

This Form CBT-160 is used by corporations to determine whether they paid enough estimated tax, whether they are subject to an interest charge for underpayment of estimated tax, and, if so, the amount of interest.

How to Use This Form

Complete Part I of Form CBT-160 to find out if you have an underpayment for any of the four payment periods. If you have an underpayment on Line 7 (Column a, b, c or d), go to Part II, Exceptions. If you cannot meet either of the exceptions for a payment period, go to Part III, Installment Interest Due. If you are using Form CBT-160 either to compute the interest on underpayment of estimated tax or to show that you qualify for any exception, attach Form CBT-160 to your tax return, Form CBT-100 or CBT-100S.

Part I - How to Compute Your Underpayment

Complete Lines 1 through 7 in Part I. The instructions for most of these lines are on the form itself. Follow the instructions below for Line 5(b) and Line 7.

Line 5(b) - Enter any overpayment shown on Line 7 that is more than the total of all earlier underpayments.

Line 7 - If Line 7 shows an underpayment, complete Part II to see if either of the exceptions apply.

Part II - Exceptions

You will not have to pay interest if all of your tax payments (Part II, Line 8) were made on time and are equal to or more than either of the amounts computed as explained by the exceptions (Lines 9 and 10) for the same payment period (Column a, b, or d).

Exception I - Tax Based on Prior Year's Return Using Current Year's Rates

This exception applies if the amount the corporation paid is equal to or more than the tax computed by using the current year's rates but based on the facts shown on the prior year's return and the law that applies to the prior year. If the prior year return covered a period of less than a year, the prior return must be annualized by dividing the taxable net income by the number of whole months covered by the short period return and multiplying by 12.

Exception II - Tax Based on Annualized Tax

This exception applies if the estimated tax paid was equal to or more than 90% of the amount the corporation would owe if its estimated tax was based on a tax computed from annualizing tax for the months preceding an installment date.

A corporation may annualize its tax as follows:

- a. For the first 3 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 4th month.
- b. For the first 3 months or for the first 5 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 6th month.
- c. For the first 6 months or for the first 8 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 9th month.
- d. For the first 9 months or for the first 11 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 12th month.

NOTE: Initial New Jersey S Corporations should use the previous year CBT-100 income and apply the current CBT-100S rate.

The rates applicable to entire net income are as follows:

- 2.35% for periods beginning on and after January 1, 1994 through December 1, 1994;
- 2.42% for periods beginning on and after January 1, 1995 through December 1, 1995;
- 2.63% for periods beginning on and after January 1, 1996 through December 1, 1996.

The rate on taxable income that is subject to Federal corporate income taxation is 9% for the periods listed above.

Part III - Installment Interest Due

If no exception applies, complete Lines 11 through 16.

A payment of estimated tax on or before any installment date is considered a payment of any previous underpayment only to the extent the payment is more than the amount of the current installment as figured on Line 4. If the corporation made more than one payment for an installment, attach a separate computation for that installment.

The average predominant prime rate is the rate as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, quoted by commercial banks to large businesses on December 1st of the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year in which payment was due or as redetermined by the Director in accordance with N.J.S.A. 54:48-2. The prime rates are published in the quarterly issues of the New Jersey State Tax News.

Interest is computed on the amount of the underpayment from the installment due date to the date of payment or the original due date of the final tax return, whichever is earlier. The annual interest rate is 3% above the average predominant prime rate and is imposed each month or fraction thereof the underpayment exists. Changes in the average predominant prime rate must be reflected in the interest calculation.